

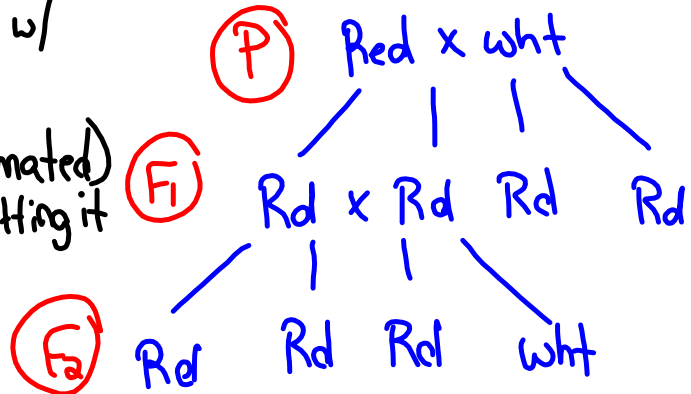
# Genetics + Heredity

**Who:** Mendel

- Monk
- Studied MANY traits in pea plants
- Ex Flower color, height, Pod color, Pod shape
- Used Cross-Pollination w/ a paint brush
- ↳ transferred Pollen (mated) plants instead of letting it happen naturally

**What:** Experiments

- (A) Made Purebreds
- Ex Tall x Tall = Tall  
White x White = White
- (B) Cross breeding:



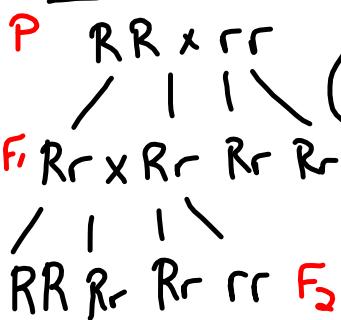
- White "factor" disappeared & then reappeared!  
 ↳ Now called "alleles"

$F_1 = 100\% \text{ Red}$   
 $F_2 = 75\% \text{ Rd } 25\% \text{ White}$

(trait = Color; alleles = Red/White)

↓  
Different options for a trait.

## Conclusions: Principle of Dominance

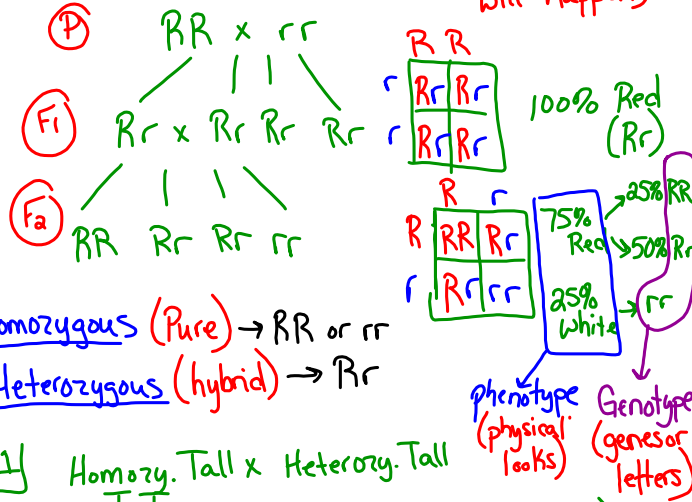


- Some alleles are Dominant
- ↳ hide other alleles if they are there
- Capital Letters (R) = RR or Rr
- red
- Some alleles are Recessive
- ↳ hidden unless pure
- Lower Case letters (r) = rr only
- white

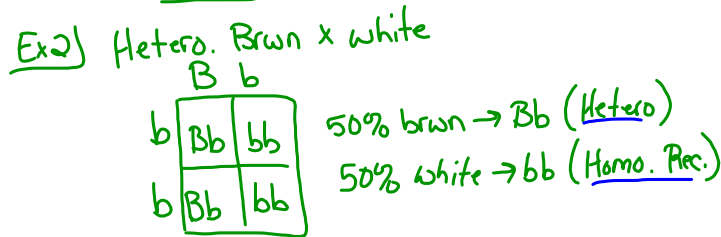
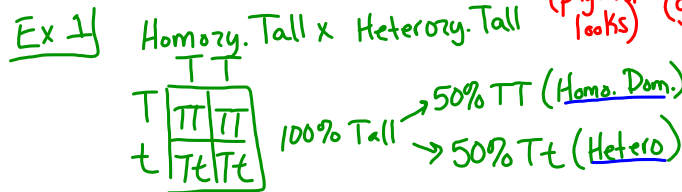
Predicting Crosses

Punnett Squares → shows ALL possible kids

↳ Based on Probability (likelihood something will happen)

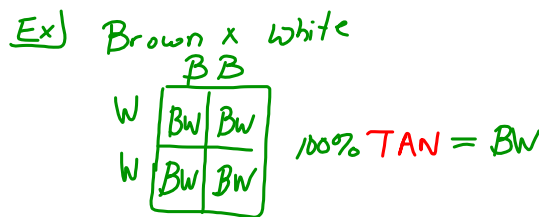


- Homozygous (Pure) → RR or rr
- Heterozygous (hybrid) → Rr

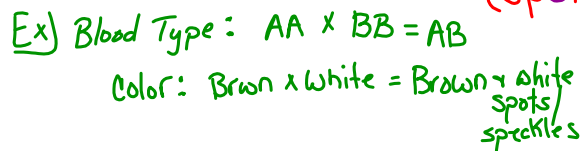


Non-Mendelian Inheritance

① Incomplete Dom. = MIX or Blend  
- one trait is Partially hiding the other



② CO dominance = BOTH traits are dominant (Spots)



Inherited traits

- some traits are learned = Acquired  
↳ hair style, music ability, attitude, etc...

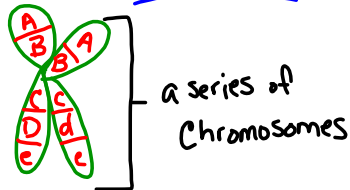
Chromosomes + Inheritance

- Mendel thought TRAITS were passed on  
WRONG

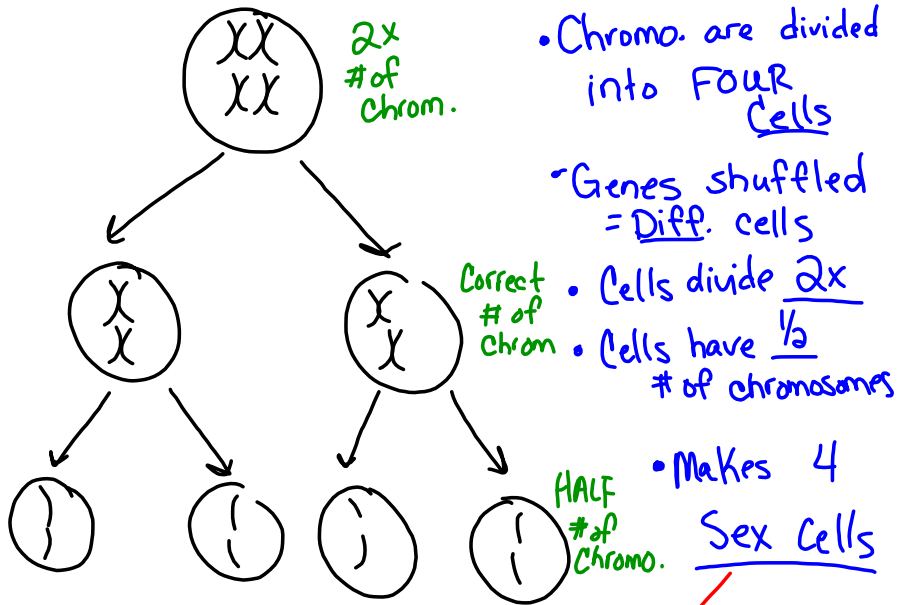
Traits are controlled by Genes

• Chromosomes are passed on NOT traits.

↳ Genes are sections of a Chromosome



Meiosis



Asexual Repro.

- ① 1 parent
- ② Children are Clones
- ③ Fast
- Ex) Bacteria

vs.

Sexual Repro.

- ① 2 parents
- ② Children are Diff.
- ③ Slow
- Ex) humans/mammals